

PULSATEC

ANALOG PASSIVE EQUALIZER



User Manual

Requirements

Software and hardware requirements of the product



Windows PC

OS version	Windows 7 or newer
CPU	2.0 GHz SSE (Multicore 2.4 GHz recommended)
RAM	8 GB (16 GB Recommended)
Software	VST2 / VST3 / AAX compatible host application (32bit or 64bit)



Apple Mac

OS version	OS X 10.13 or newer
CPU	Apple M1, Intel based 2.0 GHz
RAM	8 GB (16 GB Recommended)
Software	AU / VST2 / VST3 / AAX compatible host application (64bit!)

Hardware requirements / recommendations are based on estimates performed on available computers at D16 Group HQ, and therefore cannot cover all possible configurations available on the market. CPU usage may vary widely depending on the manner in which the product is used. Factors that may contribute to variance in CPU usage include particular patch and its complexity, the global quality setting, project sample rate. In order to form a better understanding of how a plug-in will behave within your current setup, we highly recommend downloading the demo and giving it a try.

Preliminary information

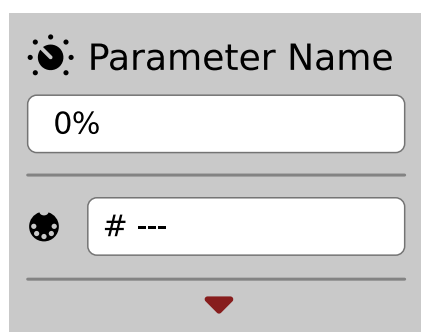
This chapter contains general advice for using the plug-in's interface.

To do a right-click on macOS with single button mice:

Either use your **mouse click** while holding the **CTRL key** on your keyboard or use **two fingers** on your **touchpad**.

Checking the value of a parameter

Right-click on any parameter to check its value in its context menu:



A parameter's context menu

Note: It's currently not possible to enter a precise value in the input box; it's just to check the value.

Fine-tuning continuous parameters

Tweak a control (knob) while holding the **CTRL key** (on **Windows**) or **Apple CMD** key (on **macOS**) - this will make the tweaking more precise while moving the mouse pointer up and down.

Double-click to reset a continuous parameter's value

Double-clicking on a parameter restores its value to the initial state, either default (right after loading the plug-in / loading it along a project file) or from the most recently loaded preset.

Overview

Pulsatec, the *Analog Passive Equalizer*, is a virtual recreation of a set of classic audio equalizing units from the 1950s. Upon loading the plug-in in any **VST**, **Audio Units**, or **AAX** host application, the graphical user interface (GUI) appears:



Pulsatec's graphical interface

The interface comprises two main sections:

- **Preset Management** (the top-most section)



- **Signal Processing** (all other controls)

Signal Flow

In this chapter, we describe the signal path through **Pulsatec** and explain each component and its controls along the way.

Equalizer (Main) Section

The plugin is essentially a 4-band equalizer, with four subsections on the GUI, each controlling a different frequency band:

Low Frequency Band

This section functions as a **low** shelving filter.

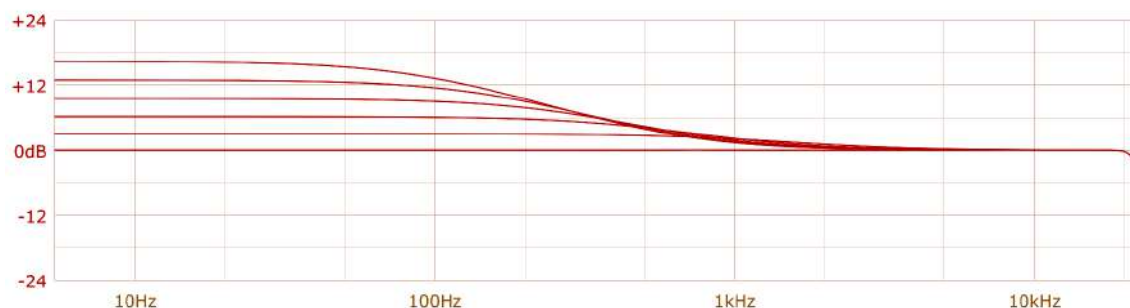


Low Frequency section

It contains three parameters:

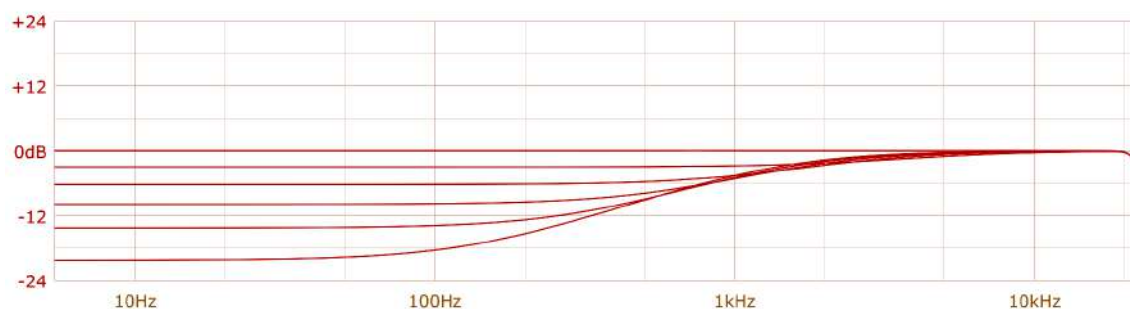
Low Frequency – Sets the frequency for the low shelving EQ. The parameter is discrete, allowing selection from a limited set of frequencies.

Low Boost – Controls the amount of boost for the band.



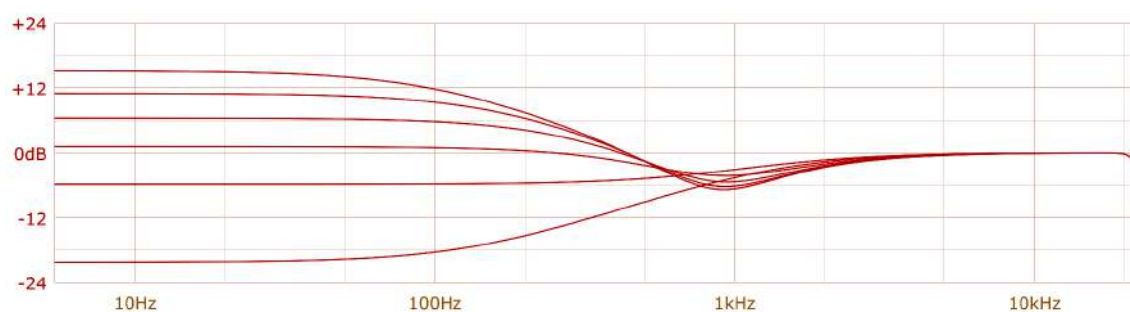
Boost at 100 Hz from min to max

Low Attenuation – Controls the amount of attenuation for the band.

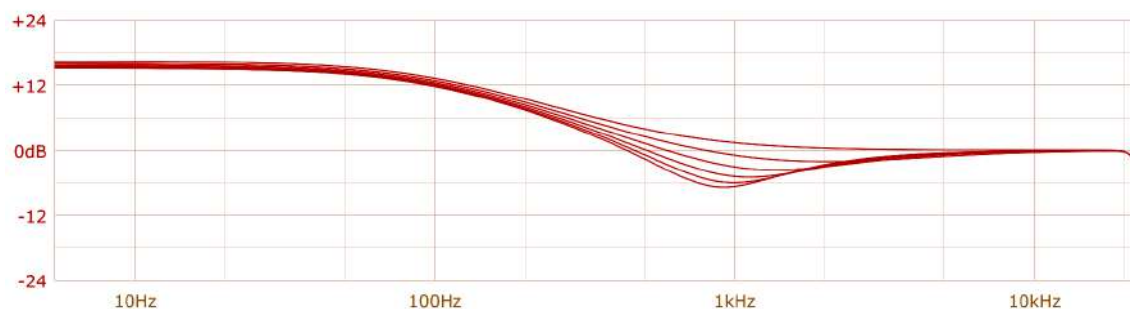


Attenuation at 100 Hz - min to max

This design allows for both boosting and attenuating the same frequency range, creating a distinctive frequency dip that enhances control over the low-end spectrum.



Attenuation and boost at 100 hz - Boost changing from min to max



Boost at 100hz while Attenuation changing from min to max

Mid-Low and Mid-High Bands

These sections manage the **middle** part of the frequency spectrum. Each behaves similarly to a typical peaking filter EQ.

Mid-Low

Mid-High



Mid-Low and Mid-High sections

Both bands are controlled by the same set of four parameters, but cover different frequency ranges:

- **Frequency** – Sets the center frequency for the peak. The parameter is discrete.
- **Bandwidth** – Sets the width of the frequency peak.
- **Gain** – Controls the strength of the boost or cut.
- **Boost/Atten** Switch – Selects whether the band is in boost or attenuation mode.

High Frequency Band

This section provides a **high** shelving EQ for attenuating the higher part of the spectrum.



High Freq section

It includes the following parameters:

- **High Frequency** – Sets the cutoff frequency of the high shelving filter. The parameter is discrete.
- **High Attenuation** – Controls the attenuation amount for the selected frequency.

Quick Bypass

The **On/Off** switch in the upper-left corner of the GUI allows for a quick bypass of the effect, enabling comparison between the processed and unprocessed signal.



Bypass switch

Real-Time Analyzer (RTA)

At the bottom of the GUI, a clickable “Open RTA” label toggles the real-time frequency analyzer.



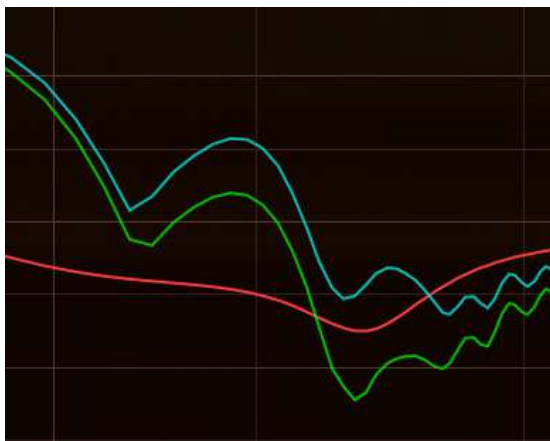
Clickable Open RTA label

This tool is especially useful when working with EQs, as it overlays the EQ's frequency response curve on top of the real-time spectrum.



Real Time Analyzer

The teal line represents the frequency content before equalization. The green line shows the content after equalization.



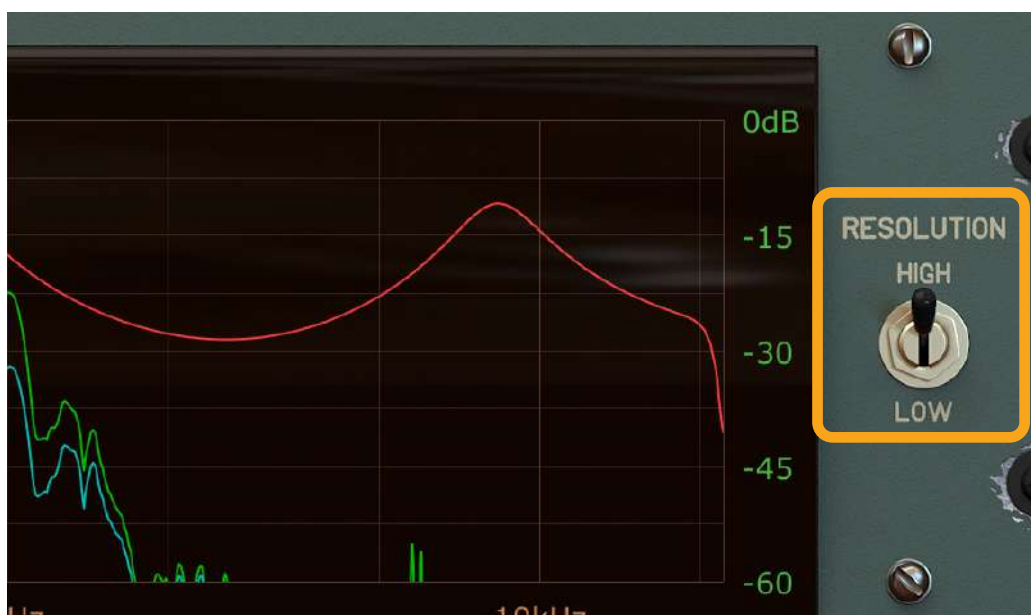
Frequency content before and after equalization

When hovering over a point in the RTA screen, the exact **frequency** and **amplitude** are displayed.



Peeking frequency and amplitude on RTA screen

To the right of the **RTA** screen, a switch controls the resolution of the real-time frequency analysis



Resolution switch.

Master Section

The master section includes:



Master section

- **Output Volume Knob** – Controls the output signal level.
- **Output Meter** – Displays the output level visually.

Preset Management

Preset storage


Presets, both from **Factory** content and user ones, are stored as files in proper locations on the disc. Each time a plug-in instance is loaded into a project, these locations are scanned and the presets found there are consolidated into a single linear structure (list) in the **Preset Browser**.

Browsing presets

The **Preset management section** (no matter what kind of preset it concerns) enables quick navigation and browsing of the preset structure:



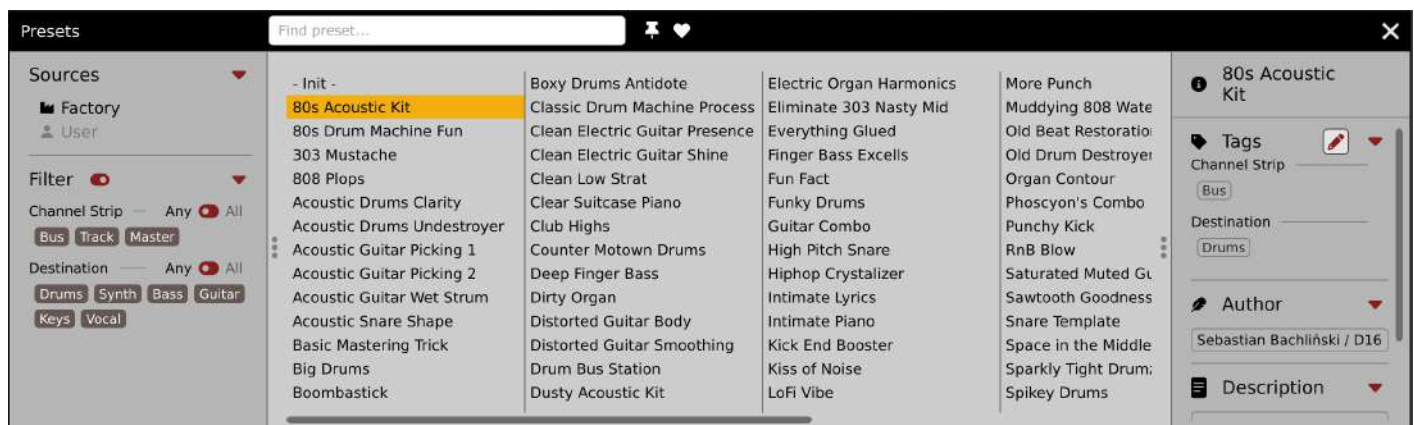
The Preset management section

- **PRESET** - Displays the name of the currently loaded preset. Clicking the display opens the **Preset Browser** panel, allowing you to browse factory / user presets.
- **Prev / Next** - Hovering over right side of the **Preset** display exposes the **Prev / Next** buttons: They allow for linear browsing of the presets list (depending on currently set filters - see sections below).
- **Save**  - Saves current parameters as a new preset or allows for overwriting of the existing one (see sections below).

Right-clicking over the **Preset** display opens a context menu with two additional options:

- **Init** - Restores initial settings of plug-in parameters.
- **Reload** - Reloads the most recently loaded preset.

The **Preset Browser** looks as follows:



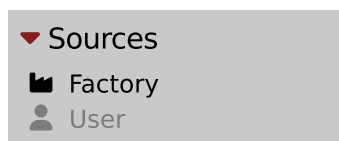
The Preset Browser

There are four main parts:

- **Sources** - Situated in the left column, filter content **Sources** for displayed presets.
- **Filter** - Below **Sources**, a preset **Filter** that uses the **Tags** system.
- **Results** - List of presets (shown in the middle column) from **Sources** that meet criteria set in the **Filter**.
- **Info pane** - The right column shows information about the currently selected preset(s), divided into several subsections.

Sources

In this section, you can choose a **Source** / **Source(s)** that you want to browse presets from.



Preset Sources

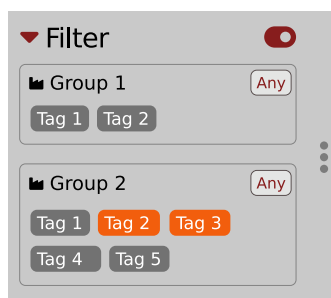
There are two resources to choose from:

- **Factory** - Delivered together with the plug-in and cannot be modified (read-only).
- **User** - Created by the user and can be freely modified or shared with other users.

Choosing any of them will cause the results to narrow to the presets from one resource.

Filter

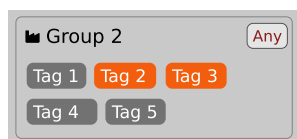
The section below is the **Filter**, which represents a preset filtering system using **Groups** and **Tags** to browse the content.



The Filter section

Groups and tags

Each **Preset** is described by a few common **Groups**. Within each of them there may be one or more **Tags** from a particular set.



The Filter group

Presets from the **Factory** resource were assigned **Groups** and **Tags** when they were created.

Groups and **Tags** describe the content clearly, taking into account the plug-in's purpose.

Editing of the **Groups** and **Tags** for **Factory** content is limited. User presets can be described with the same **Groups** and **Tags** as **Factory** content, or you may define additional **Tags** within factory **Groups** and even create your own **Groups** with your own **Tags** to describe your own presets.

The only limitation is that a user cannot remove factory **Groups** or **Tags** from **Factory** content.

Results

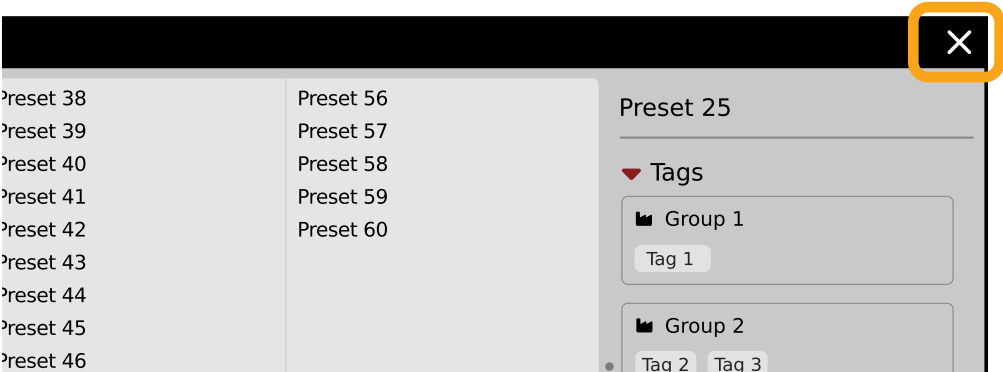
This is a list of presets from chosen **Sources** that meet the filtering criteria. The basic function of this section is to browse and load presets. It can also be used for editing, which is described later.

Preset 1	Preset 20	Preset 38	Preset 56
Preset 2	Preset 21	Preset 39	Preset 57
Preset 3	Preset 22	Preset 40	Preset 58
Preset 4	Preset 23	Preset 41	Preset 59
Preset 5	Preset 24	Preset 42	Preset 60
Preset 6	Preset 25	Preset 43	
Preset 7	Preset 26	Preset 44	
Preset 8	Preset 27	Preset 45	
Preset 9	Preset 28	Preset 46	
Preset 10	Preset 29	Preset 47	
Preset 11	Preset 30	Preset 48	
Preset 12	Preset 31	Preset 49	
Preset 13	Preset 32	Preset 50	
Preset 14	Preset 33	Preset 51	
Preset 15	Preset 34	Preset 52	
Preset 16	Preset 35	Preset 53	
Preset 18	Preset 36	Preset 54	
Preset 19	Preset 37	Preset 55	

The Results list

- **Click** any name to choose and load the preset.
- **Double-click** the name to choose, load the preset and close the browser.

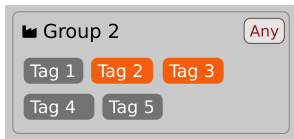
Using Hitting **X** closes the browser.



Close Browser window

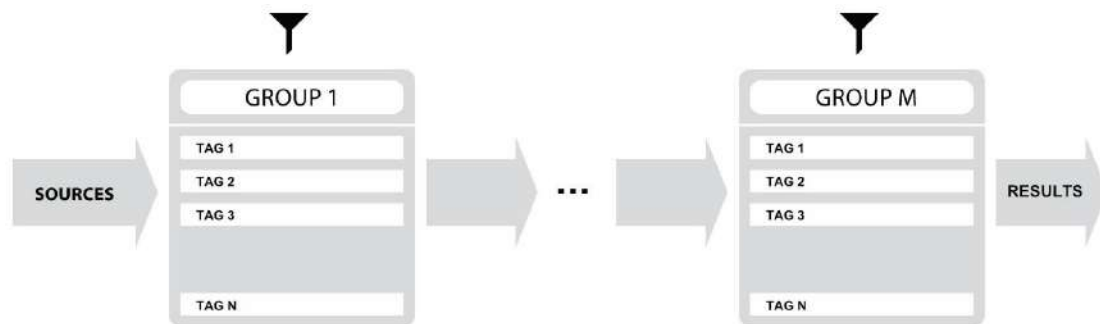
Preset filtering using Groups and Tags

The **Filter** section contains **Groups** of **Tags**. Each Group is represented by a rectangle with the **Group** name + set of **Tags** inside.



Group 2 with two tags set (Tag 2 and Tag 3)

The filtering process cascades from top to bottom. This means that all presets available in the selected **Sources** are filtered by selected **Tags** from the first **Group** (uppermost one), then the **Group** below and so on, until filtered by the last active **Group** (the bottom one).

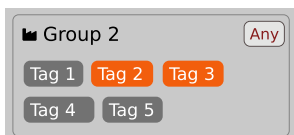


Preset Filtering with the use of Groups

The result of the cascade filtering process is listed in the middle column, the **Results** / presets list section. You can also consider the **Results** list as an intersection of preset sets, found by filtering through every individual **Group**.

Basic Actions

Tags work as toggle buttons. Click to *activate* / *deactivate* a **Tag**; a gray background color means that the **Tag** is inactive, and orange means that the **Tag** is *active*.



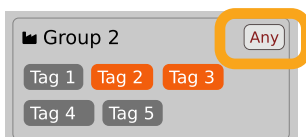
Group 2 with two tags set (Tag 2 and Tag 3)

If at least one **Tag** in a **Group** is active, then the **Group** (filter) also becomes active, otherwise the **Group** chosen doesn't affect the filtering process at all.

Group operator



When a single **Tag** is active in a **Group**, only presets having that **Tag** set are displayed in the **Results**.

If two or more **Tags** in a **Group** are active, the **Results** depend on the **Operator** chosen for the **Group**:



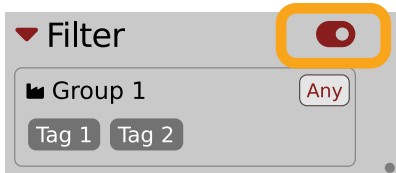
A Group operator

The **Operator** button works in toggle mode and offers a choice of two alternative **Operators** for the **Group**:

- **Any**  - Means that a preset is shown in the **Results** when the preset includes at least one of the active **Tags** from the **Group**.
- **All**  - Means that a preset is shown in the **Results** only when the preset includes all active **Tags** from the **Group**.

Filter enable / disable

You can quickly enable / disable the **Filter** using the toggle switch in the top-most section of the **Filter**:



An On/Off switch for a Group Filter

Other types of filtering

Searching by name

Alternatively, you can look for a preset by entering its name or just a piece of its name into the **Find preset** field:



The Find preset input


The **Results** are refreshed on-the-fly and they work together with the other filters.

Using the **X** icon clears the entire field:






Clearing the search field

Filtering Favorite presets

You can mark presets as a **Favorite** by clicking the **Heart** icon while hovering on preset name . You can unmark presets by clicking the icon again (toggle mode):



Setting a preset as a Favorite on the list

-  Logical OR between Tags in the Group
-  Logical AND between Tags in the Group
-  It's allowed for every **source** (**factory** or **user**)

The flag is stored globally, meaning that a **Favorite** preset will be accessible as such from every other instance of the plug-in 📌.

Once you have your **Favorite** presets flagged, you can quickly filter them using the toggle button with a **Heart** icon on it:



Favorite presets filtering

If the button is active, then only **Favorite** presets will be shown (considering all remaining filters).

Filtering Pinned presets

You can **Pin** one or more presets using the **Pin** icon while hovering over a preset name 📌. You can unpin a preset by clicking the icon again (toggle mode):



Pinning a preset on the list

Unlike **Favorites**, this flag works locally and it's stored with the project file (not global config), so **Pins** are stored individually for every instance (with total recall, so a plug-in state is recalled if saved in the context of a project).

But, similarly to **Favorites**, you can easily filter presets using the toggle button with the **Pin** symbol on it:



Pinned presets filtering

If the button is active, then only **Pinned** presets will be shown (considering all remaining filters).

Info pane

The column to the right shows information about the selected preset or presets. It also provides access to some of the preset editing functions.

The Info pane is a vertical form with the following sections:

- Preset Name:** A text input field with a trash icon to its right.
- Tags:** A section with a dropdown arrow and a pencil icon. It contains two groups:
 - Group 1:** A container with a single tag labeled "Tag 2".
 - Group 2:** A container with two tags labeled "Tag 2" and "Tag 3".
- Author:** A text input field with a pencil icon to its right.
- Description:** A text input field with a pencil icon to its right.

The Info pane

There's a preset name at the top.

A close-up of the top of the Info pane, showing the "Preset 25" text field highlighted with an orange border.

The Preset name in the Info pane

Additionally, if you've selected more than one preset there's information about how many more have been selected:

The screenshot shows a list of presets on the left and the Info pane on the right. The list is organized into two columns:

- Column 1:** Preset 38, Preset 39, Preset 40, Preset 41, Preset 42, Preset 43, Preset 44, Preset 45, Preset 46, Preset 47, Preset 48, Preset 49, Preset 50, Preset 51, Preset 52, Preset 53, Preset 54, Preset 55.
- Column 2:** Preset 56, Preset 57, Preset 58, Preset 59, Preset 60.

Preset 47 is highlighted in orange. The Info pane on the right shows the details for "Preset 47", with a "+ 4 more" button highlighted in orange. The Info pane includes sections for Tags, Author, and Description.

Selecting more than one preset

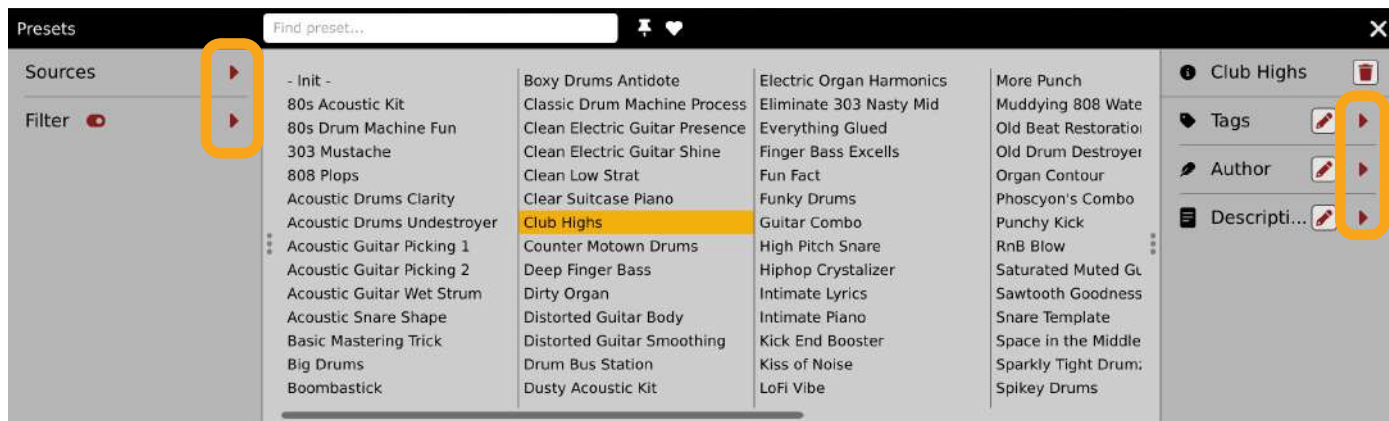
Below the preset(s) name there are few common sections describing selected presets:

- **Tags**
- **Author**
- **Description**

Browser's visual adjustments

Folding sections

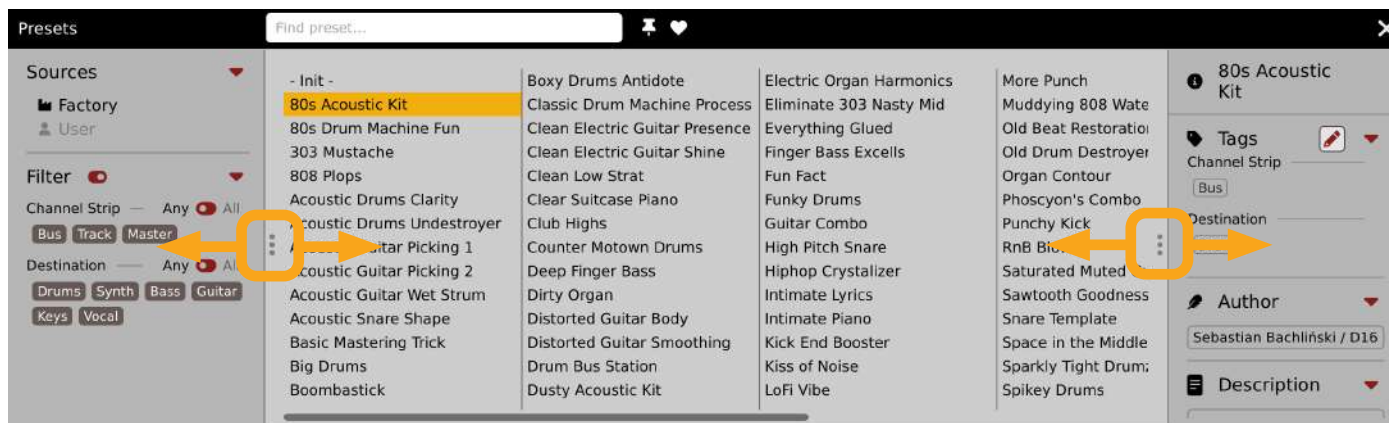
If you don't need to see the contents of every section / subsection, you can fold some of them up using the **Caret** icons:



Sections folded up

Resizing columns

You can use the three-dotted handles to change a column's width to your preference.



Resizing Browser columns

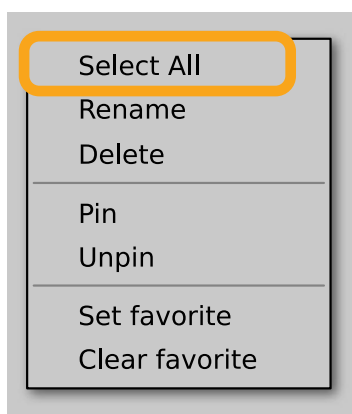
Editing presets

You can perform certain actions on presets, such as adjusting **Groups** and **Tags**, deletion, renaming the presets as well as their export or import. One should bear in mind, however, that some operations are only allowed on user presets but not on **Factory** content.

Preset selection for Edit


Some operations can be done on more than one preset, so you're allowed to select more than one preset at once; in the **Results** section, you can choose a preset or a set of presets in the following ways:

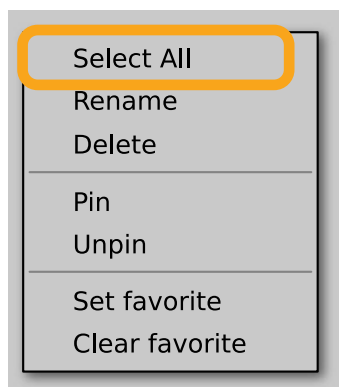
- **Click a preset** - Selects (and loads) one preset from the list.
- Win (**Ctrl**) + **Click the preset**), Mac (**Cmd**) + **Click the preset**) - Adds another preset to an already chosen preset or a set of presets.
- **Shift + Click the preset** - Selects a range of presets from the last chosen preset to the preset clicked with the **Shift** key.
- Right-Click on any **Preset** in the **Results** section and choose the **Select All** option - this selects all presets:



Selecting all presets

Preset renaming

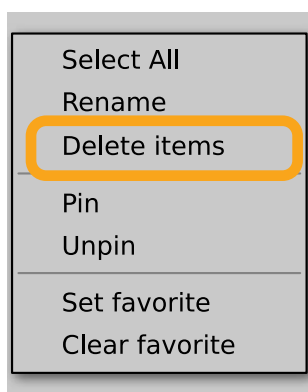
On a selected preset , right-click to open the context menu and select the **Rename** option:



Preset renaming

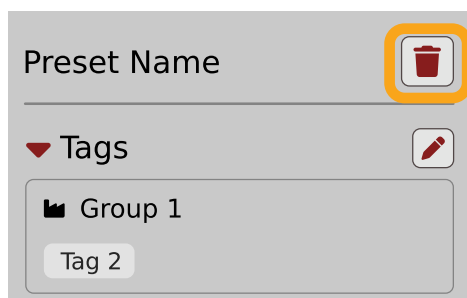
Preset deletion

Once you have selected one or more presets, right-click to open the context menu and select the **Delete items**  option:



Deleting presets

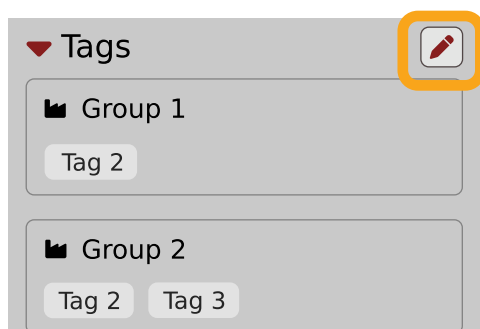
Alternatively, you can use the **Trash bin** button in the **Info pane** to delete selected presets:



The Trash bin button

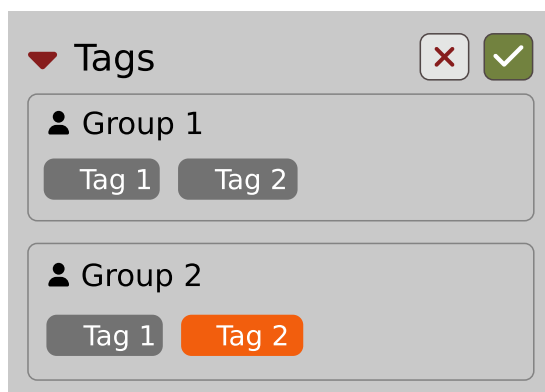
Tags editing

When you select a preset or presets to change their tags, click the **Pencil** button next the **Tags** section in the **Info pane** to enter **Edit mode** for the **Tags**:



Entering the Tag edit mode

With the **Edit mode** enabled, you will see all possible **Groups** and **Tags** available for the preset(s):

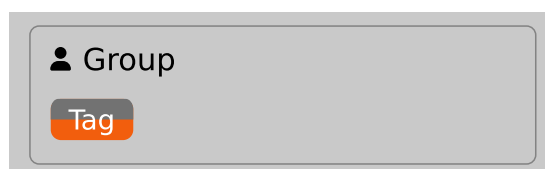


The Tag Edit mode

Tag buttons work in toggle mode, much like filtering. Clicking them either sets or erases a **Tag** for a chosen preset. If a **Tag** is set for a preset, it is indicated by an orange background color, whereas if a **Tag** is not set, it has a gray background color.

If you choose multiple presets with existing tags, **Tag** buttons will appear orange if a specific **Tag** appears in all selected presets, and gray if it appears in none.

When a specific **Tag** is set only for a few of the selected presets, it appears as half-gray and half-orange.



Tags appearing only in part of selection

Changing the **Tag** status for one or more chosen presets sets or erases this **Tag** in all these presets. A status change is signaled by an **Asterisk** to the left of a **Tag**.



A Tag with a status change

Tag buttons highlighted in half-gray and half-orange color (where **Tag** values across the highlighted presets aren't all the same) work in a three-state system when switching between states; they turn gray if you erase the **Tag** for all selected presets, orange if you set the **Tag** for all selected presets, and return to half-gray and half-orange if the selected items remain unchanged or are returned to their initial state.

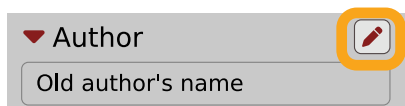
Potential changes have to be confirmed using the **OK / Cancel** buttons at the top part of the **Tags** section:



Confirmation buttons in the Tags section

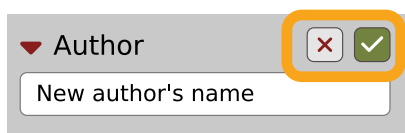
Author editing

When you select a preset or presets to change the **Author**, click the **Pencil** button next the **Author** section in the **Info pane** to enter the **Edit mode** for the **Author** field:

A screenshot of a user interface element labeled 'Author' with a dropdown arrow. Below it is a text input field containing 'Old author's name'. To the right of the input field is a pencil icon inside a square button, which is highlighted with an orange circle.

Editing Author

Once you've finished editing the field, confirm the operation using the **OK / Cancel** buttons:

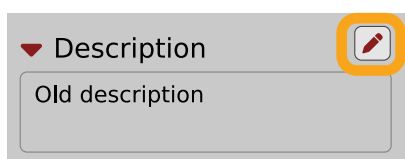
A screenshot of the same 'Author' field, now showing 'New author's name' in the input field. To the right of the input field are two buttons: a red 'X' (Cancel) and a green checkmark (OK), both inside square buttons and highlighted with an orange circle.

Confirming Author editing

This operation is possible for user content only.

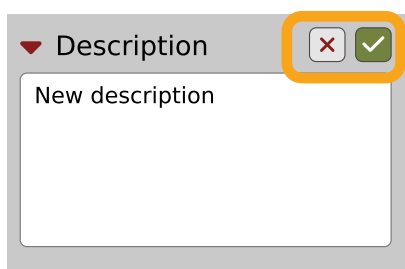
Description editing

When you select a preset or presets to change the **Description**, click the **Pencil** button next the **Description** section in the **Info pane** to enter the **Edit mode** for the **Description** field:

A screenshot of a user interface element labeled 'Description' with a dropdown arrow. Below it is a text input field containing 'Old description'. To the right of the input field is a pencil icon inside a square button, which is highlighted with an orange circle.

Editing Description

Once you've finished editing the field, confirm the operation using the **OK / Cancel** buttons:

A screenshot of the same 'Description' field, now showing 'New description' in the input field. To the right of the input field are two buttons: a red 'X' (Cancel) and a green checkmark (OK), both inside square buttons and highlighted with an orange circle.

Confirming Description editing


This operation is possible for user content only.

Setting presets as Favorites

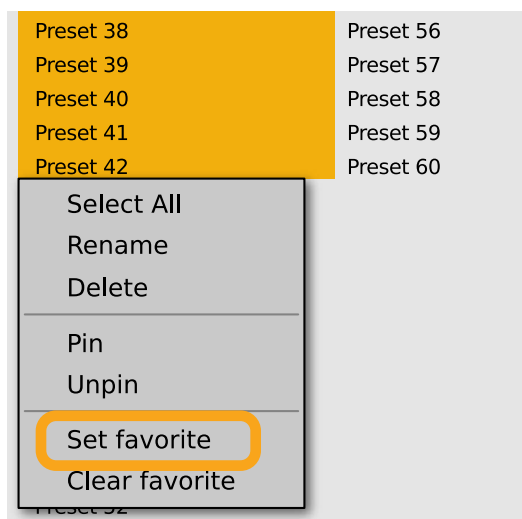
As described in the chapters above, you can mark a preset as a **Favorite** by clicking the **Heart** icon while hovering over the preset name:



Setting a preset as a Favorite

The flag is stored globally, meaning that a **Favorite** preset will be accessible as such from every other instance of the plug-in  .

It's also possible to perform the operation for a selection of presets. After you select the desired presets in the **Results** window, right-click on the presets to open a context menu:



Setting Favorite presets from the context menu

And select the **Set favorite** option.

To clear **Favorite** flags for the selection of presets, use the **Clear favorite** option instead.

Pinning presets

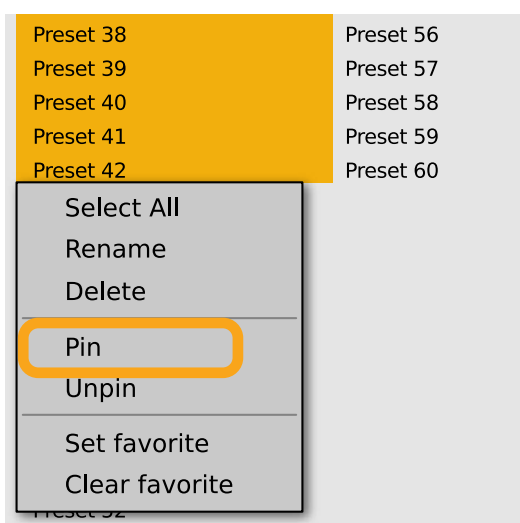
You can **Pin** one or more presets using the **Pin** icon while hovering over the preset name:



Pinning a preset

Unlike **Favorites**, this flag works locally and it's stored with the project file (not globally). This means the **Pins** are stored individually for every instance (with total recall, so a plug-in state is recalled if saved in the context of a project).

It's also possible to perform the operation for a selection of presets. After selecting the desired presets in the **Results** window, right-click on the presets list to open the context menu:



Pinning presets from selection

And select the **Pin** option.

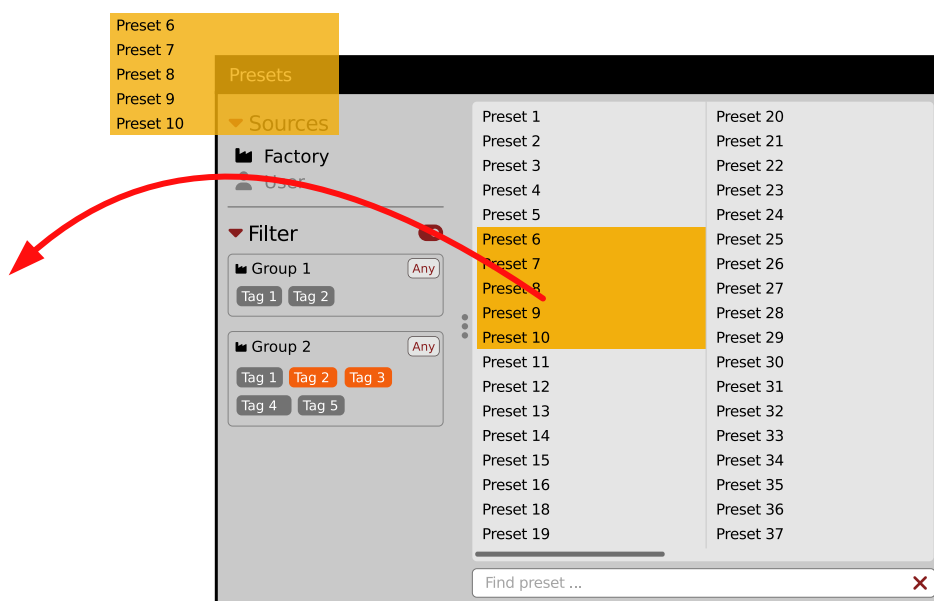
To clear the **Pin** flag for a selection of presets, use the **Unpin** option instead.

Preset exchange

If you want to make a backup, or exchange a preset with a collaborator, you can export / import selected presets.

Export

Select a preset or presets that you're going to export and drag-and-drop them outside your DAW into a location you'd like to store them:

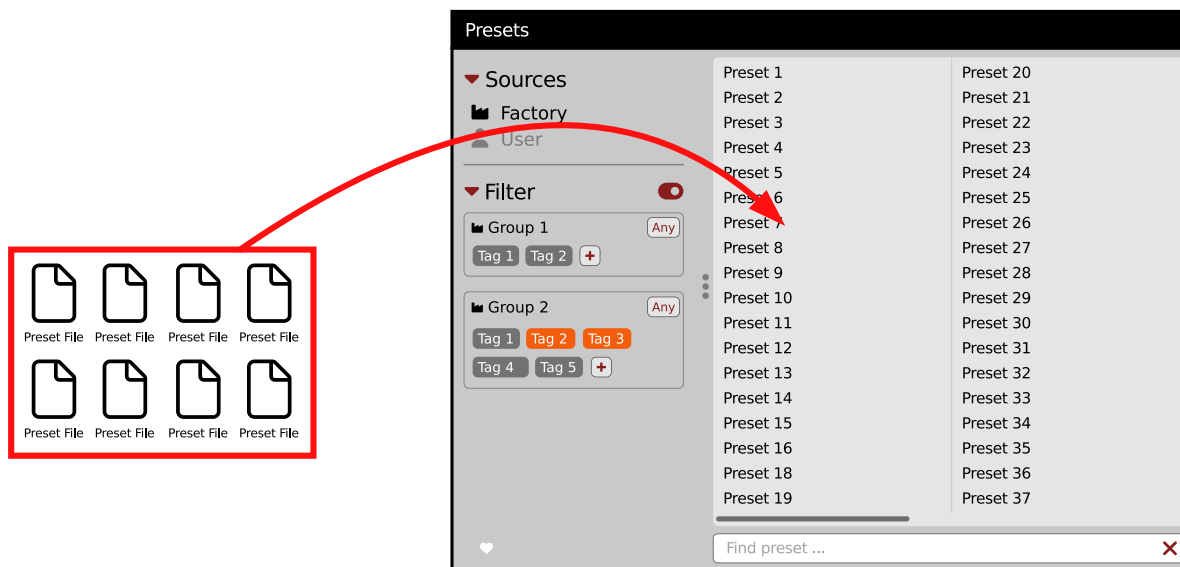


Exporting presets

The presets will be saved as individual files (one per preset) in the plug-in's native format.

Import

If you'd like to import preset files, you can drag-and-drop preset files from where they're stored, into the preset browser:



Importing presets

They will be automatically imported as user presets.


Importing Patterns

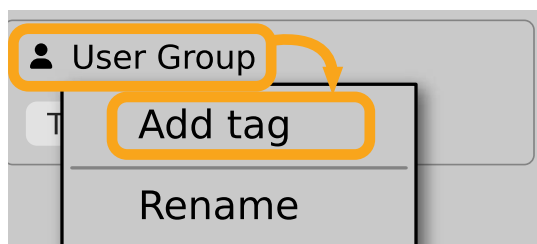
Specifically within the **Pattern browser**, it's possible to import:

- Native **Phoscyon 2** patterns.
- Banks from legacy versions of the plug-in (**Phoscyon 1.x**) - which will be accessible as alternative **Sources**, after you drag-and-drop them into the **Browser**.
- Patterns from *Audiorealism* ABL 2 or 3 instruments - which will be included in **User** patterns after import.

Creating custom Tags and Groups structure

Adding custom Tags

Users are allowed to add their own custom **Tags** to both their own content and factory content. To add a new **Tag** to an existing filter **Group**, click over the **Group's** name to pull down a menu and select the **Add Tag** option :

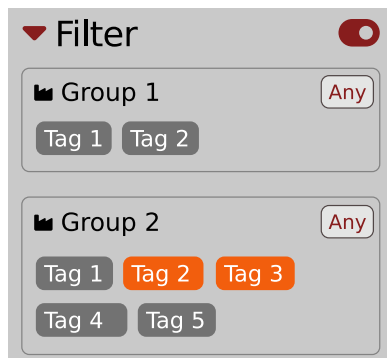


Adding a new Tag

You can do this either in the **Info Pane** (right column, while the **Tag edit** mode is enabled) or **Filter** (left column).

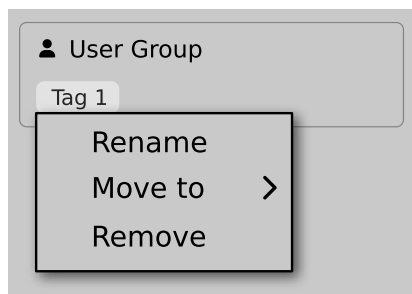
Editing custom Tags

There are a few edit options available for a user to perform on their own **Tags**, which are available by right-clicking a **Tag's** name in the **Filter** section:



The Filter section

You will see a context menu with all the available options:



Editing options for a user Tag

- **Rename** - Changes the name of a **Tag**.
- **Move to** - Moves a **Tag** to another **Group**.
- **Remove** - Deletes a **Tag**.

The menu is accessible only for a user's own **Tags**.

Adding custom Groups

You can add a custom filter to **Groups** by clicking the **Filter** label and selecting the **Add Group** option from the pull-down menu:



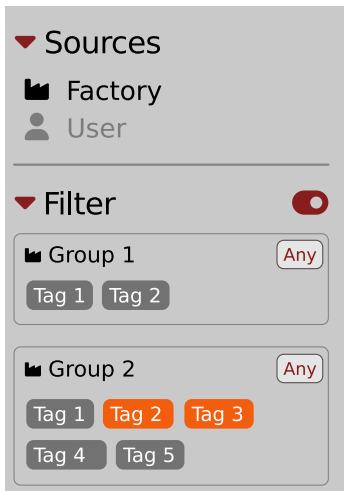
Adding a user Group

From here, you can add **Tags** to that newly created **Group** (see above), or move **Tags** from other **Groups**.

You can also add a custom filter to **Groups** in the **Info Pane** (right column) or **Filter** (left column).

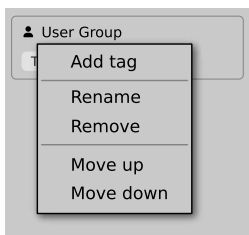
Editing custom Groups

There are a few edit options available for a user to perform on their own **Groups**. Click on a **Group's** name in the **Filter** section:



The Filter section

You will see a context menu with the following options:



Edit options for a user Group

- **Add Tag** - Adds a new tag to the **Group** (described earlier).
- **Rename** - Changes the **Group's** name.
- **Remove** - Deletes the **Group**, possible only when all **Tags** in the **Group** have also been removed.
- **Move up** - Moves a **Group** up in the **Filter**. Possible unless the **Group** is already the topmost one.
- **Move down** - Moves a **Group** down in the **Filter**. Possible unless the **Group** is the last one.

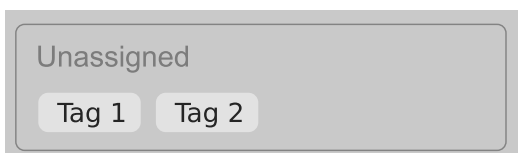
These operations are possible only on user **Groups**.

Groups in the **Filter** are ordered with **Groups** from **Factory** content first, then user groups below.

You can edit user **Groups** in either the **Info Pane** (right column, while **Edit mode** for **Tags** is enabled) or **Filter** (left column).

Unassigned Tags

When you receive content from a collaborator who uses different **Tags** and **Groups**, some Tags may show as **Unassigned**. This happens if the filter structure made by a preset's author is different.



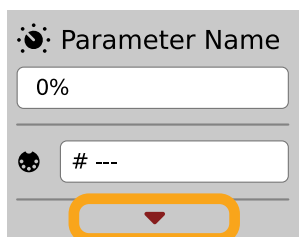
Unassigned Tags

You can move the **Tags** across your **Groups** to make them fit your scheme, or re-tag the collaborator content entirely.

Configuration

MIDI Learn

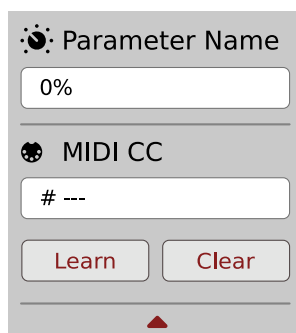
Right-click any plug-in parameter to open the context menu:



A context menu

Left-clicking outside the menu area closes it automatically.

Clicking the bottom arrow expands the menu and displays all available options:

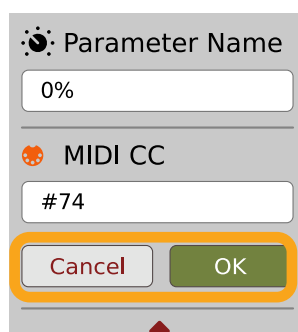


An expanded context menu

Linking a parameter to MIDI CC

The **Learn** function enables a quick assignment of physical controllers (from a MIDI controller) to plug-in parameters.

1. Click the **Learn** button to put the plug-in into a pending state before moving any MIDI CC controller.
2. Once the CC is recognized, click **OK** to save the change or click the **Cancel** button to restore the previous setting.

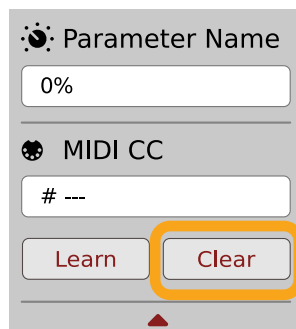


Linking a parameter to MIDI CC

Unlinking a parameter from MIDI CC

You can also delete a MIDI CC code attributed to a parameter from the context menu:

1. From the context menu, click the **Clear** button:

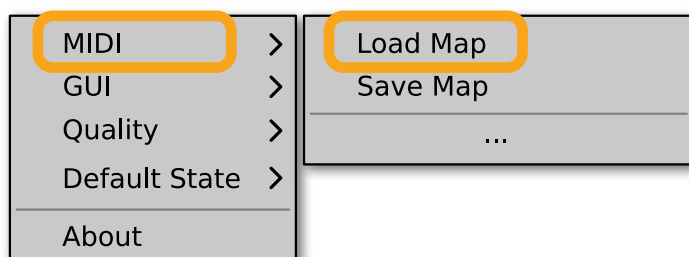


The Clear MIDI CC button

2. Then confirm using the **OK** button.

Loading / Saving a MIDI CC Map

These options are available in the **MIDI** submenu, accessible under **Cog** icon in the left-upper corner:

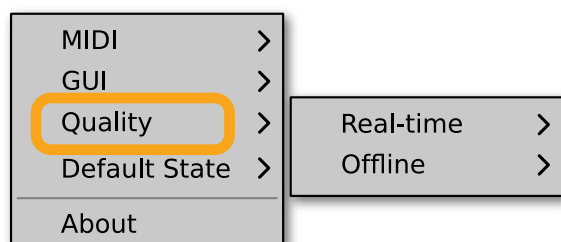


The Load Map and Save Map options

- **Save Map** - Saves the current MIDI CC map to a file.
- **Load Map** - Loads a MIDI CC map from a stored file.

Quality settings[▢]

The **Quality** submenu under **Cog** icon in upper-left corner allows to choose sound quality for **Real-time** or **Offline** modes.



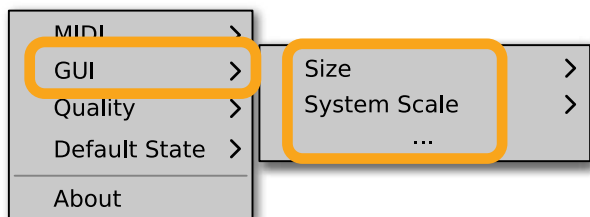
Quality settings

The higher the quality, the bigger the impact on the CPU.

▢ This function is optional and may not be available in the specific plugin.

GUI

The **Size**, **System Scale** and **Theme** options are accessible from **GUI** submenu under **Cog** icon in upper-left corner of the plug-in. With these, you can adjust look of the plug-in, according to the pixel density and resolution of your screen:



The GUI Size and System Scale options

Size

This option lets you choose one of several default skin sizes to best match the plugin to the resolution of your computer monitor.

System Scale

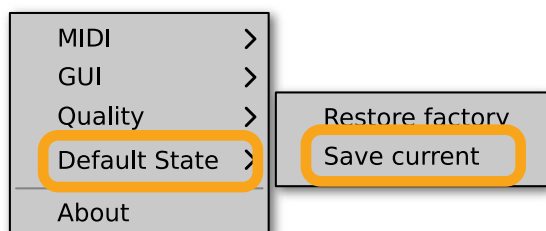
System Scale controls the rescale factor for the whole plug-in. For the best visual results, you should set it to the exact value from your system settings (screen properties).

Default Settings

You can save your current settings so that the plug-in will default to them for each new instance, or restore the plug-in to load with its factory settings.

Changing default settings

1. Click the **Cog** icon in the left-upper corner of the plugin.
2. Go to the **Default State** submenu and choose the **Save current** option.



Changing the default state of the plug-in

With this option, the current plug-in state will be saved as the default / initial state for when you insert a new instance of the plug-in.

The plug-in state includes: sound parameters (default preset), views, preset filters, sound quality settings, loaded / created MIDI CC map and GUI settings.

Restoring factory defaults

To return the default state for new instances to factory settings:

1. Click the **Cog** icon in the left-upper corner of the plugin.
2. Go to the **Default State** submenu and choose the **Restore factory** option.

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